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|  | APPLICATION NO.   | FILING DATE     | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR    | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.     | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|--|---|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
|  | 09/186,869  | 11/04/1998      | KARL W. HASEL           | 98.429                  | 2377             |
|  | 20306   | 7590 01/06/2003 |                         |                         |                  |
|  | MCDONNELL BOEHNEN HULBERT & BERGHOFF                      |                 |                         | EXAMINER                |                  |
|  | 300 SOUTH WACKER DRIVE<br>SUITE 3200<br>CHICAGO, IL 60606 |                 | FREDMAN, JEFFREY NORMAN |                         |                  |
|  |   |                 |                         |                         |                  |
|  |   |                 |                         | ART UNIT                | PAPER NUMBER     |
|  |   |                 |                         | 1637                    | 01               |
|  |   |                 |                         | DATE MAILED: 01/06/2003 | <u>ار</u>        |
|  |   |                 |                         |                         |                  |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

## Application No. Applicant(s) HASEL ET AL. 09/186.869 **Advisory Action Examiner Art Unit** Jeffrey Fredman 1637 --The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --THE REPLY FILED 23 December 2002 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE. Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to avoid abandonment of this application. A proper reply to a final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1) a timely filed amendment which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee); or (3) a timely filed Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. PERIOD FOR REPLY [check either a) or b)] The period for reply expires months from the mailing date of the final rejection. b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). 1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on 23 December 2002. Appellant's Brief must be filed within the period set forth in 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 1.191(d)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. 2. The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered because: (a) they raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) they raise the issue of new matter (see Note below); (c) they are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or (d) they present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims. NOTE: 3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): \_\_\_\_\_. 4. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) \_\_\_\_ would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s). 5.⊠ The a) affidavit, b) exhibit, or c) request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: See Continuation Sheet. 6. ☐ The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered because it is not directed SOLELY to issues which were newly raised by the Examiner in the final rejection. 7. For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendment(s) a) will not be entered or b) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: \_\_\_\_\_. Claim(s) objected to: . Claim(s) rejected: 1-36 and 42-72. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: \_\_\_\_\_. 8. The proposed drawing correction filed on \_\_\_\_ is a) approved or b) disapproved by the Examiner. 9. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s)( PTO-1449) Paper No(s). 10. ☐ Other: Jeffrey Fredman **Primary Examiner**

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-Continuation Sheet (PTO-303) 09/186,869

Continuation of 5. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant argues that the invention is different than Erlander because it uses 48 degenerate primers while Erlander uses only 12 degenerate primers. First, Applicant is incorrect since Erlander expressly teaches a variety of number of degenerate primers. For example, on page 26, lines 1-8, Erlander teaches that there can be N-N or N-N-N or N-N-N. This express suggestion of variability, which Erlander expressly recognizes can improve specificity, combined with Erlander's teaching of V-N, expressly suggests that an ordinary practitioner would have been able to select the level of degeneracy desired for the sample of interest. Erlander, for example, expressly discusses formation of pools of 16, 64 and 256 products (see page 26, line4s 27-29). Thus, the use of a larger set of anchor primers is expressly suggested by Erlander. With regard to the phasing of the RT primers, Erlander expressly teaches the use of N-N primers, which are not phased, depending upon the sequence. Applicant's argument that the claimed method improves fidelity is either intended to suggest an unexpected result or has no impact on the rejection. No evidence that the method is unexpectedly better than Erlander is presented. Further, the necessarily phased N-N primers of Erlander are taught to yield effective results by Erlander. Applicant's arguments regarding the 103 rejections have been addressed previously..